

A.—The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT, DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT (Mr. C. E. Noronha).—

Name of the Factory	(a) The number of employees drawing Rs. 250 and above per mensem.	The number of employees drawing between Rs. 100 and Rs. 250 per mensem	The number of employees drawing between Rs. 25 and Rs. 100 per mensem	(b) The number of Muslims drawing Rs. 250 and above per mensem	The number of Muslims drawing between Rs. 100 and Rs. 250 per mensem	The number of Muslims drawing between Rs. 25 and Rs. 100 per mensem
The Government Soap Factory.	1	2	33	...	...	3
The Government Porcelain Factory.	...	1	26	...	...	2
The Government Electric Factory.	2	4	1	...	...	...

Mr. MIRZA M. AZIZULLA BEIG.—The policy of industrialization in the State is being pursued with the sole object of affording facilities for all communities to get industrially-minded and to share the profits of industry. But, has it come to the notice of Government that Muslims are not having the benefits of that policy?

Mr. C. E. NORONHA.—No.

Mr. MIRZA M. AZIZULLA BEIG.—Are any applications from Muslim candidates for appointment in the several industrial concerns of the Government, pending consideration?

Mr. C. E. NORONHA.—I am not aware of any, just now.

Mr. MIRZA M. AZIZULLA BEIG.—If any such cases are brought to notice, will they be considered sympathetically?

Mr. C. E. NORONHA.—Yes.

Educated Men of the Jyotinagara Vaisya Community.

Q.—76. Mr. A. DASAPPA (Minorities).—

Will the Government be pleased to state the number of students belonging to the Jyotinagara Vaisya (Ganiga) community who have passed the S.S.L.C., Intermediate, B.A. and B.L. examinations during the years 1935 to 1940 (full particulars regarding their names, the places to which they belong, etc., may kindly be furnished)?

A.—The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT, GENERAL DEPARTMENT (Mr. J. Appaji Gowda).—

A statement furnishing the information is placed on the table (*vide* Appendix).

Mr. D. VENKATARAMANAPPA.—From the statement appended to the answer, it is seen that there are only two graduates belonging to this community. Does it not point to the necessity of giving special encouragement to members of the community such as by means of scholarships, etc.

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—That is not a request for information.

REPRESENTATIONS—*concl'd.*

No. 38.—Abolition of the levy of fees in middle schools.

Mr. M. SUBBIAH (Seringapatam Municipality).

It is prayed that fees should not be levied in the middle schools as contemplated by Government.

No. 39.—Abolition of the levy of fees in the middle schools.

Messrs. S. B. JOGANNA GOWDA and B. L. HUTCHAPPA (Channarayana Taluk) and all the other MEMBERS of the Hassan District.

Chances of school boys giving up their studies in the middle schools are great if fees are imposed upon them. It is prayed that the proposal to levy fees in the middle schools may, therefore, be dropped.

No. 40.—Abolition of fees for middle school classes.

Mr. H. M. MALLIKARJUNAPPA (Tarikere Taluk).

The percentage of literate persons in the State at present does not exceed 7 to 8. If fees are levied in middle school classes, the